

PINS REF. | APP/J4423/W/21/3267168  
LPA REF. | 17/04673/OUT  
DATE | MAY 2021  
PPG REF. | P19-2172.010

**APPENDIX 6 TO THE PROOF OF EVIDENCE  
OF BRIAN JOHN DENNEY BA (HONS), DIPLA, FLI, CENV, MIEMA**

**IN RELATION TO LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL MATTERS CONCERNING:  
AN OUTLINE PLANNING APPLICATION FOR THE ERECTION OF UP TO 85 RESIDENTIAL DWELLINGS (*REDUCED FROM 93  
ORIGINALLY*) AND OPEN SPACE (17/04673/OUT)**

ON

**LAND AT JUNCTION WITH CARR ROAD, HOLLIN BUSK LANE, SHEFFIELD, S36 1GH**

PREPARED ON BEHALF OF HALLAM LAND MANAGEMENT LIMITED

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 **DESIGN**  **ENVIRONMENT**  **PLANNING**  **ECONOMICS**  **HERITAGE**

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4. METHODOLOGY

## **1. VISUALISATION LOCATION 1 – HOLLIN BUSK LANE**





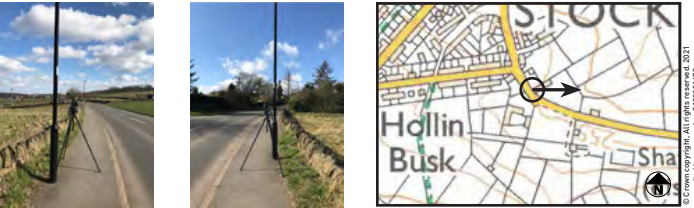
Baseline View (Sheet 1)

Camera make & model	- Canon EOS 5D Mark II
Lens make & focal length	- Canon EF 50mm, f/1.4 USM
Date & time of photograph	- 24 March 2021 @ 14:56
OS grid reference	- 427308, 397401

Viewpoint height (AOD)	- 256m
Distance from proposed development	- 362m
Projection	- Cylindrical
Sheet Size	- A1

Visualisation Type	- Type 4
Horizontal Field of View	- 90°
Height of camera AGL	- 1.5m
Page size	- 841 x 297

View flat at a comfortable arm's length. If viewing this image on a screen, enlarge to full screen height



**VISUALISATION LOCATION 1**  
HOLLIN BUSK LANE





Block massing of proposed development (Sheet 2)



Camera make & model  
Lens make & focal length  
Date & time of photograph  
OS grid reference

- Canon EOS 5D Mark II  
- Canon EF 50mm, f/1.4 USM  
- 24 March 2021 @ 14:56  
- 427308, 397401

Viewpoint height (AOD)  
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- 256m  
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Visualisation Type  
Horizontal Field of View  
Height of camera AGL  
Page size

- Type 4  
- 90°  
- 1.5m  
- 841 x 297

View flat at a comfortable arm's length. If viewing this image on a screen, enlarge to full screen height



**VISUALISATION LOCATION 1**  
HOLLIN BUSK LANE











## **2. VISUALISATION LOCATION 2 – PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY FROM BOLSTERSTONE**





Baseline View (Sheet 1)





Block massing of proposed development (Sheet 2)











### **3. VISUALISATION LOCATION 3 – COCKSHOT LANE**





Baseline View (Sheet 1)





Block massing of proposed development (Sheet 2)











## 4. METHODOLOGY



## Photomontage Methodology and Data



**Citrine**

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### Baseline photographs

Date/time:	as per filenames (YYMMDD.hrs GMT)
Weather:	Sunny, dry
Camera equipment used:	Canon EOS 5D Mark II, full frame sensor (36 x 24mm), fixed 50mm lens
Camera support:	tripod with panoramic head
Camera position:	surveyed on site by land surveyor
Viewpoints:	none
	derived from mapping / handheld GPS
Viewpoints:	all

### Photomontages

Software:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ LSS v10</li><li>✓ AutoCAD Architecture 2021</li><li>✓ 3D Studio MAX 2021</li><li>✓ PTGui v 10.0.18</li><li>✓ Adobe Photoshop v22.3.0</li></ul>								
Data:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ OS Terrain 5</li><li>✓ OS LIDAR</li><li>✓ OS online mapping</li><li>✓ Online aerial photography / Google Earth</li><li>✓ Topographic site survey</li></ul>								
Standards / guidance:	<p>Landscape Institute Advice Note 06-19 Visual Representation of Development Proposals, September 2019</p> <table><tr><td>Type:</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>Verification :</td><td>Scale verified</td></tr><tr><td>AVR level:</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	Type:	4	Verification :	Scale verified	AVR level:	3		
Type:	4								
Verification :	Scale verified								
AVR level:	3								
Image sizes:	<table><tr><td>Horizontal FoV</td><td>90°</td></tr><tr><td>Vertical FoV</td><td>27°</td></tr><tr><td>Print size:</td><td>81.8cm width X 25cm height (A1 sheet width)</td></tr><tr><td>Viewing distance:</td><td>50cm @ full print size (12.5cm if reduced to A3)</td></tr></table>	Horizontal FoV	90°	Vertical FoV	27°	Print size:	81.8cm width X 25cm height (A1 sheet width)	Viewing distance:	50cm @ full print size (12.5cm if reduced to A3)
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Viewing distance:	50cm @ full print size (12.5cm if reduced to A3)								

### Methodology

1. Site photographs are taken using a digital camera. A levelled tripod serves to ensure that the panoramas are horizontal and an approximate 50% overlap between frames is used for best frame stitching. A panoramic mount is used to reduce parallax errors in stitching.
2. For each viewpoint, the individual frames are digitally corrected for barrel distortion and stitched to create a cylindrical perspective panorama (rather than 'planar' perspective). These panoramas are used to represent the 'baseline' existing views of the site.
3. The panoramas are resampled to the equivalent a X10.4 enlargement at 300dpi, and cropped to the vertical FOV of a 50mm lens equivalent (26.991°). Therefore, for a 50mm lens the images should be printed with a height of 25cm and the viewing distance is 50cm. Best representation of monocular perspective is achieved by curving the panorama through this radius.
4. A 3D CAD model is created of the following using design and site survey information:
  - terrain
  - camera positions and reference points
  - site design proposals
5. The CAD model is rendered from the camera positions recorded on site for each viewpoint with a virtual camera lens setting of 50mm. These are aligned to achieve the best fit of the photographs using 3D reference points in the model renders.